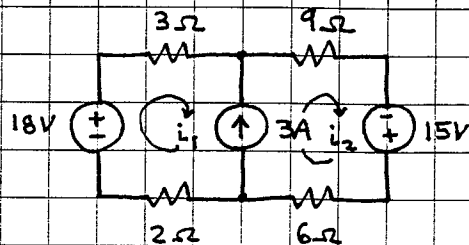


ex:



Use mesh-current method to find total pwr dissipated by circuit.

sol'n: Define mesh currents i_1 and i_2 as shown above on circuit diagram.

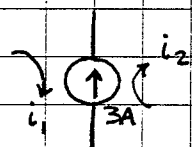
If we try to take sum of V drops = 0 around mesh loops, we have a problem with 3A source.

Use a supermesh. That is, use sum of V drops around larger outside loop = 0V, and write an equation relating i_1 and i_2 to 3A source.

Eq'n for V drops around outside loop = 0V:

$$-i_1 \cdot 2\Omega + 18V - i_1 \cdot 3\Omega - i_2 \cdot 9\Omega + 15V - i_2 \cdot 6\Omega = 0V$$

Eq'n relating i_1 , i_2 , and 3A source:



$$+i_2 - i_1 = 3A$$

↑ opposite direction of current flow for i_1 and 3A source
same direction of current flow for i_2 and 3A source

Now we rearrange our two eq'ns in two unknowns and solve for i_1 and i_2 .

$$i_2 = i_1 + 3A \quad (\text{from 2}^{\text{nd}} \text{ eq'n, substitute this in 1}^{\text{st}} \text{ eq'n})$$

Move i_1, i_2 terms to right side in 1st eq'n and substitute for i_2 :

$$18V + 15V = i_1(2\Omega + 3\Omega) + (i_1 + 3A)(9\Omega + 6\Omega)$$

$$33V - 3A \cdot 15\Omega = i_1(2\Omega + 3\Omega + 9\Omega + 6\Omega) = i_1 \cdot 20\Omega$$

$$\text{or } i_1 = \frac{33V - 45V}{20\Omega} = \frac{-12V}{20\Omega} = -0.6A$$

$$\text{and } i_2 = i_1 + 3A = -0.6A + 3A = 2.4A$$

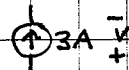
The text considers the "total power dissipated by the circuit" to mean the "total power dissipated by the resistors."

$$\begin{aligned} \text{This total power is } & i_1^2 \cdot 2\Omega + i_1^2 \cdot 3\Omega + i_2^2 \cdot 6\Omega + i_2^2 \cdot 9\Omega \\ \text{or } P_{\text{tot}} &= (-0.6)^2 \cdot 5\Omega + (2.4)^2 \cdot 15\Omega \\ \text{or } P_{\text{tot}} &= 88.2W \end{aligned}$$

Or we can take the negative of the power for the three sources:

$$P_{\text{tot src's}} = 18V \cdot (-i_1) + V \cdot 3A + 15V \cdot (-i_2)$$

where V is across 3A source: $-i_1 \cdot 2\Omega + 18V - i_1 \cdot 3\Omega + V = 0V$
(Use V loop)



$$\text{or } V = -0.6 \cdot 5\Omega - 18V = -21V$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore P_{\text{tot src's}} &= 18V \cdot 0.6A + (-21V) \cdot 3A + 15V \cdot (-2.4A) \\ &= 10.8 - 63 - 36W = -88.2W \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore P_{\text{tot}} = -(-88.2)W = 88.2W \quad \checkmark$$