

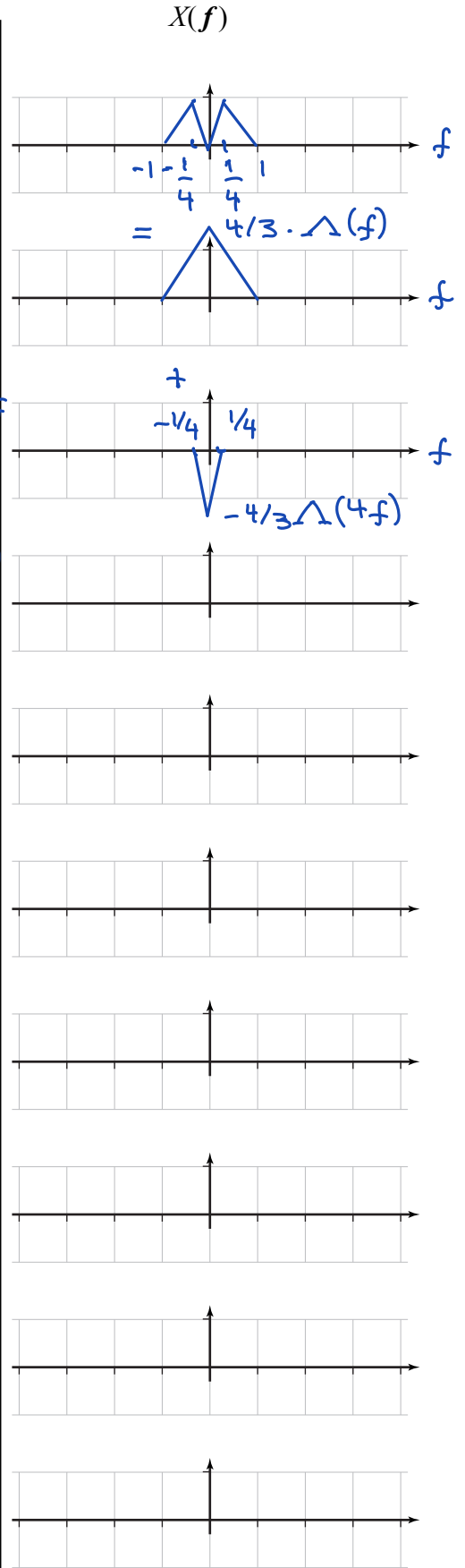
$$X(f) = 4f \quad 0 \leq f \leq \frac{1}{4}$$

$$-\frac{4}{3}(f-1) \quad \frac{1}{4} \leq f \leq 1$$

$$X(f) = 2 \left[4 \int_0^{\frac{1}{4}} f \cos(2\pi f t) df - \frac{4}{3} \int_{\frac{1}{4}}^1 f \cos(2\pi f t) df + \frac{4}{3} \int_{\frac{1}{4}}^1 \cos(2\pi f t) df \right]$$

$$\int_a^b x \cos(2\pi y x) dx = \frac{b \sin(2\pi b y)}{2\pi y} + \frac{\cos(2\pi b y)}{(2\pi y)^2} - \frac{a \sin(2\pi a y)}{2\pi y} - \frac{\cos(2\pi a y)}{(2\pi y)^2}$$

$$x(t) = 8 \left[\frac{1}{4} \frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{2} t)}{2\pi t} + \frac{\cos(\frac{\pi}{2} t)}{(2\pi t)^2} - 0 \cdot \frac{\sin(0 \cdot t)}{2\pi t} - \frac{\cos(0 \cdot t)}{(2\pi t)^2} \right]$$



x(t) =

$$\left(2 + \frac{2}{3} - \frac{8}{3}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}t\right)$$

$$-\frac{8}{3} \frac{\cos(2\pi t)}{(2\pi t)^2}$$

$$+ \underbrace{\left(8 + \frac{8}{3}\right)}_{\frac{32}{3}} \frac{\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}t\right)}{(2\pi t)^2}$$

$$x(t) = -\frac{8}{3} \frac{\cos(2\pi t)}{(2\pi t)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{32}{3} \frac{\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}t\right)}{(2\pi t)^2}$$

$$\frac{4}{3} \operatorname{sinc}^2(t) - \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{sinc}^2(t/4)$$

$$= \frac{4}{3} \frac{\sin^2(\pi t)}{(\pi t)^2} - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\sin^2(\pi t/4)}{(\pi t/4)^2}$$

$$= \frac{4}{3} \left[\frac{2}{(2\pi t)^2} - \frac{2 \cos(2\pi t)}{(2\pi t)^2} \right] - \frac{1}{3} \left[\frac{2}{(\pi t/2)^2} - \frac{2 \cos(\pi t/2)}{(\pi t/2)^2} \right]$$

$$= -\frac{8}{3} \frac{\cos(2\pi t)}{(2\pi t)^2} + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\cos(\pi t/2)}{(\pi t/2)^2} + \frac{4}{3} \frac{2}{(2\pi t)^2} - \frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{(\pi t/2)^2}$$

$$\frac{2 \cdot 16 \cos(\pi t/2)}{3 (2\pi t)^2}$$

$$\frac{4}{3} \frac{2}{4\pi^2 t^2} - \frac{2 \cdot 4}{3 \pi^2 t^2}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} - \frac{8}{3} = -2$$

$$-\frac{2}{\pi^2 t^2} = -\frac{8}{(2\pi t)^2}$$

$$-\frac{8}{3} \left[\frac{\cancel{\sin(2\pi t)}}{2\pi t} \right]$$

$$+ \frac{\cos(2\pi t)}{(2\pi t)^2}$$

$$-\frac{\cancel{\frac{1}{4} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}t\right)}}{2\pi t}$$

$$-\frac{\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}t\right)}{(2\pi t)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} \left[\frac{\cancel{\sin(2\pi t)}}{2\pi t} - \frac{\cancel{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}t\right)}}{2\pi t} \right]$$

$$\operatorname{sinc}^2(t) = \frac{\sin^2(\pi t)}{(\pi t)^2} = \frac{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi t)}{(\pi t)^2}$$

$$= \frac{2}{(2\pi t)^2} - \frac{2 \cos(2\pi t)}{(2\pi t)^2}$$

