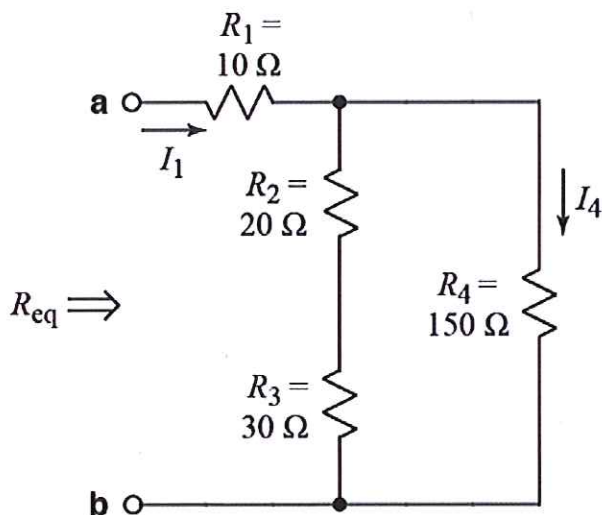


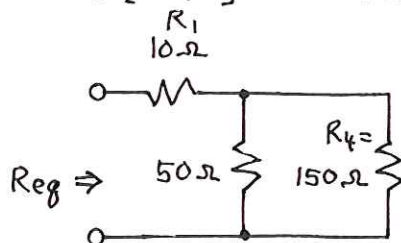
Ex:



- Find the value of the equivalent resistance,  $R_{eq}$ .
- If a current source is connected to the above network and current  $I_1 = 100\text{mA}$  flows into terminal a, find  $I_4$ .

sol'n a) Resistors in series sum and resistors in parallel sum as conductances:  $A \parallel B = \frac{AB}{A+B}$

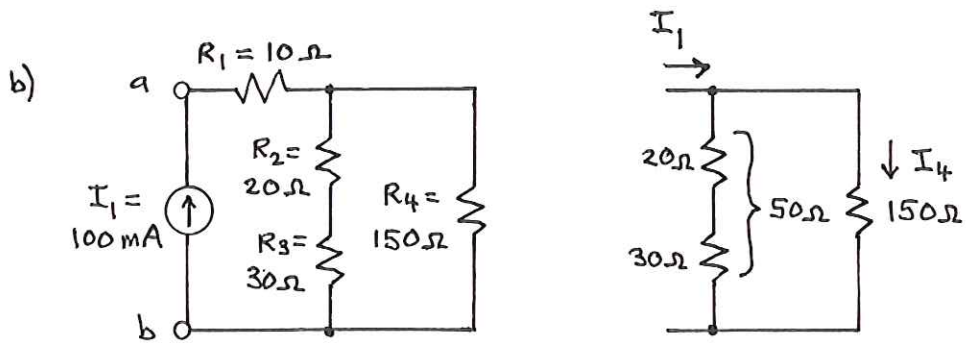
$$R_2 + R_3 = 20\ \Omega + 30\ \Omega = 50\ \Omega$$



$$50\ \Omega \parallel R_4 = 50\ \Omega \parallel 150\ \Omega = 50\ \Omega \cdot \frac{1}{1+3} = 50\ \Omega \cdot \frac{3}{4}$$

$$= \frac{150}{4}\ \Omega = 37.5\ \Omega$$

We add the  $10\ \Omega$  in series to get  $R_{eq} = 47.5\ \Omega$



We have a current-divider as shown in the upper right diagram. Note that  $I_1$  flows thru  $R_1$  and then splits between the  $50\Omega$  in the center branch and the  $150\Omega$  in the right branch, (i.e.,  $I_4$ ). So we use the current-divider formula.

$$I_4 = I_1 \cdot \frac{50\Omega}{50\Omega + 150\Omega} = I_1 \left( \frac{1}{4} \right) = \frac{100\text{mA}}{4} = 25\text{mA}$$