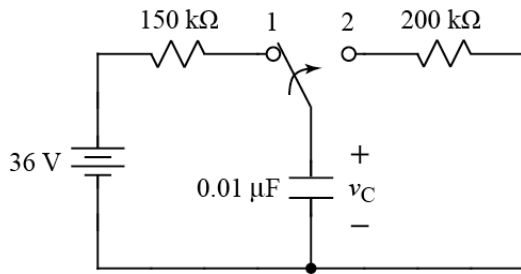




1.

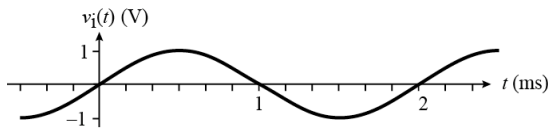


After being on side 1 for a long time, the switch moves from side 1 to side 2 at  $t = 0$ .

- Find the value of  $v_C(t = 0)$ .
- Find an expression for  $v_C(t > 0)$ .
- Find the value of the energy stored by the capacitor at time  $t = 3\tau$  where  $\tau =$  time constant for circuit after  $t = 0$ .

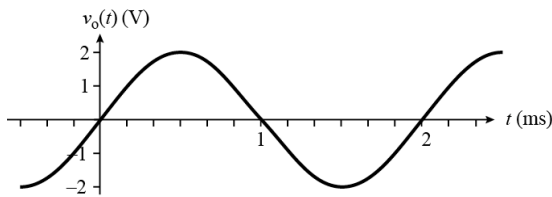
2.

A function generator outputs the following signal,  $v_i(t)$ .

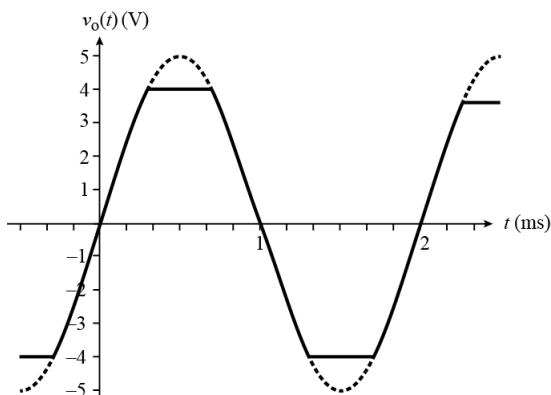


Design op-amp circuits to output each of the following waveforms when  $v_i(t)$  is the input.

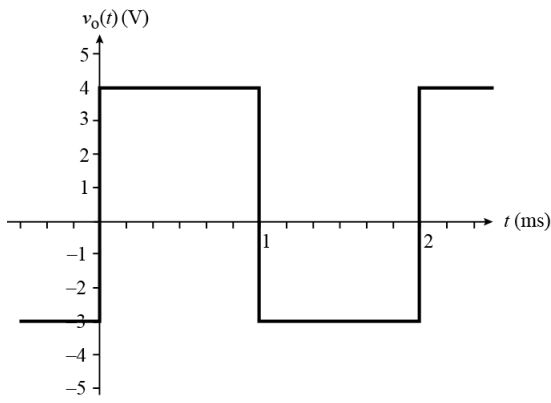
You may use either one or two op-amps in each case.



a)

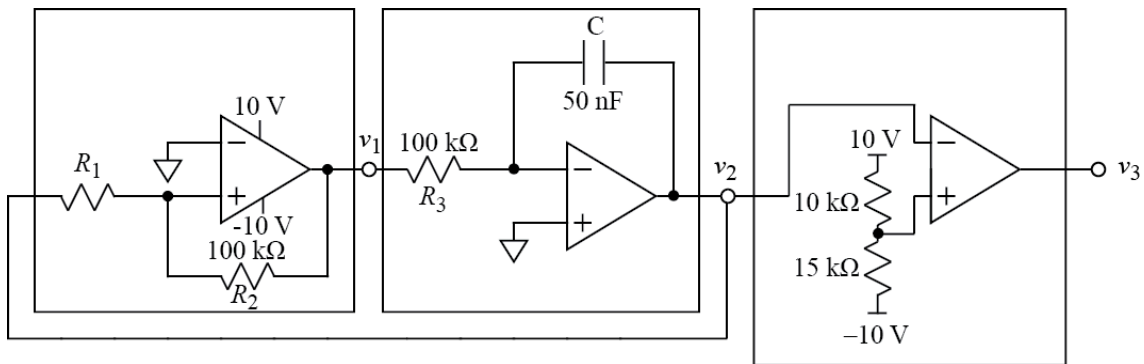


b)



c)

3.



The above circuit is from Lab 4, but some of the component values have been changed.

- Find the minimum and maximum values allowed for  $R_1$  in order to achieve proper operation: 1) successfully generating a triangle wave (which requires that  $v_1$  switches from high to low and back), and 2) avoiding clipping that would occur if  $v_2$  exceeded the rail voltage for the op-amp.
- Choose an allowed value for  $R_1$  and calculate the period of  $v_2(t)$ .
- Draw a graph of  $v_2(t)$  and  $v_3(t)$  for at least one period of  $v_2(t)$ . Label all important times and voltages on the graph.