

EX: Find the Laplace transform of the following waveform:

$$f(t) = e^{-at} \int_0^t t \sin(\omega t) dt$$

sol'n: We work from the inside out, starting with the Laplace transform of $\sin(\omega t)$ from a table of transform pairs:

$$\mathcal{L}\{\sin(\omega t)\} = \frac{\omega}{s^2 + \omega^2}$$

We now apply the identity for multiplication by t :

$$\mathcal{L}\{t f(t)\} = -\frac{d}{ds} \mathcal{L}\{f(t)\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}\{t \sin(\omega t)\} &= -\frac{d}{ds} \frac{\omega}{s^2 + \omega^2} \\ &= -\frac{d}{ds} \left(\omega [s^2 + \omega^2]^{-1} \right) \\ &= -\omega(-1)[s^2 + \omega^2]^{-2} 2s \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{t \sin(\omega t)\} = \frac{2\omega s}{[s^2 + \omega^2]^2}$$

We now apply the identity for \int_0^t :

$$\mathcal{L}\left\{\int_0^t f(t) dt\right\} = \frac{1}{s} \mathcal{L}\{f(t)\}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\left\{\int_0^t t \sin(\omega t) dt\right\} = \frac{2\omega s}{s[s^2 + \omega^2]^2}$$

We now apply the identity for multiplication by e^{-at} :

$$\mathcal{L}\{e^{-at} f(t)\} = \mathcal{L}\{f(t)\} \Big|_{s+a \text{ replaces } s}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\left\{e^{-at} \int_0^t t \sin(\omega t) dt\right\} = \frac{2\omega}{[(s+a)^2 + \omega^2]^2}$$