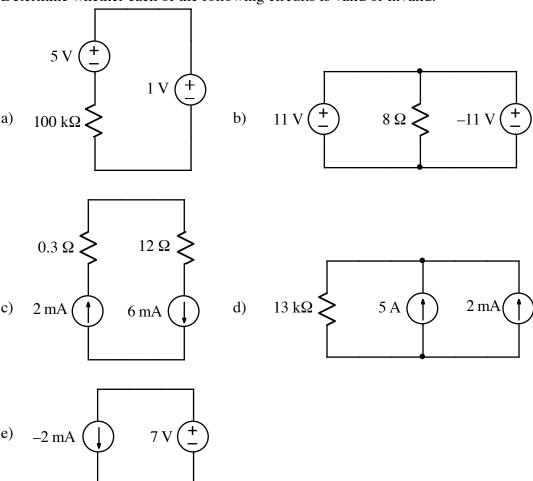


Ex: Determine whether each of the following circuits is valid or invalid.



- Sol'n: a) This circuit is valid. Voltage sources in series sum. Here, the voltage across the 100 k Ω resistor is 5 V 1 V = 4 V. The current in the 100 k Ω resistor is 40 μ A = 4 V / 100 k Ω . Note that voltage sources can pass whatever current is necessary in order to create a specified voltage in a circuit.
 - b) This circuit is invalid. By Kirchhoff's laws, components in parallel must have the same voltage drop across them. Here, the two voltage sources disagree regarding on the voltage drop across the 8 Ω resistor.

- c) Circuit is invalid. By Kirchhoff's laws components in series must carry the same current. The current sources disagree on the current and will try to force the current to have two different values: 2 mA and 6 mA.
- d) This circuit is valid. Current sources in parallel sum. Here, the current flowing through the 13 k Ω is 5 A + 2 mA = 5.002 A \approx 5 A. The voltage across both current sources is 5.002 A \cdot 13 k Ω \approx 65 kV. Note that current sources will produce whatever voltage is necessary to force a specified current flow in a circuit.
- e) This circuit is valid. The current source has 7 V across it, and the voltage source has -2 mA flowing through it.