## ECE 2210/00 Exam 2 given: Fall 06

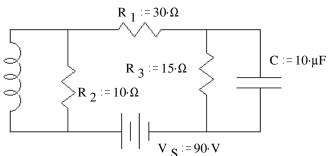
(The space between problems has been removed.)

1. (13 pts) The following circuit has been connected as shown for a long time.

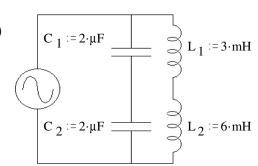
Find the energy stored in the capacitor and the inductor.

$$L := 5 \cdot mH$$

Also show the values of the voltage(s) and current(s) necessary to answer this question.



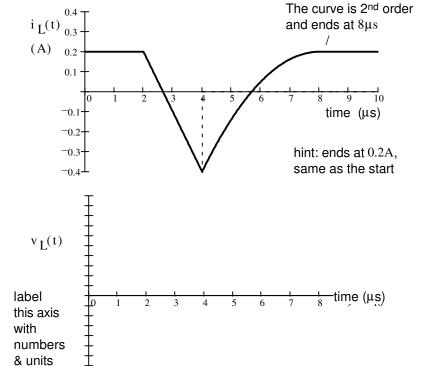
2. (9 pts) Find the resonant frequency (or frequencies) of the circuit shown (in cycles/sec or Hz).



2. (19 pts) The current through a 0.3mH inductor is shown below. Make an accurate drawing of the inductor voltage. Make reasonable assumptions where necessary. Label your graph.

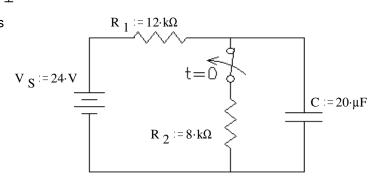
Note: You will be graded on the accuracy of your plot at 0, 2, 4, 8, and  $10\mu s$ , so calculate those values and plot or label them carefully. Between those points your plot must simply be the correct shape.

$$L := 0.3 \cdot mH$$



- 3. (21 pts) The switch has been open for a long time and is closed (as shown) at time t=0.
  - a) Find the complete expression for  $v_C(t)$ .
  - b) What is  $v_C$  when  $t = 2\tau$ ?
  - c) At time  $t=2\tau$  the switch is opened again. Find the complete expression for  $v_C(t')$ , where t' starts at  $t=2\tau$ .

Be sure to clearly show the time constant.



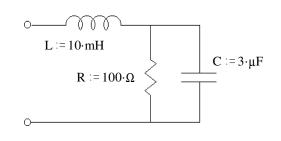
## ECE 2210/00 Exam 2 Fall 06 p2

5. (15 pts)  $\mathbf{Z}_{eq}$  is the total impedance between the two terminals. Find  $\mathbf{Z}_{eq}$  in **polar form** (give me numbers).

For partial credit, you must show work and/or intermediate results.

 $f = 500 \cdot Hz$ 

$$Z_{eq} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}^{\circ}$$



- 6. (17 pts) For partial credit, you must show work and/or intermediate results.
  - a) Find  $\mathbb{Z}_2$
  - b) Find  $V_S$

 $I_S := (12.49 + 10 \cdot j) \cdot mA$  $\mathbf{Z}_{1} := 100 \cdot \mathbf{j} \cdot \mathbf{\Omega}$  $\mathbb{Z}_2$ 

c) Circle 1:

- i)  $I_S$  leads  $V_2$
- ii) Is lags V,

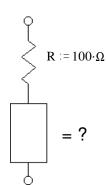
Why? Show numbers:

Or explain by other means:

7. (6 pts)  $\mathbf{Z} := |\mathbf{Z}| \cdot e^{j \cdot 30 \text{ deg}}$ We don't know its magnitude, but its phase angle i+30°.

 ${f Z}$  is made of a  $100\Omega$  resistor in series with one other part. What is the part? type and value?

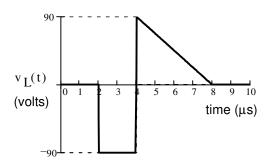
$$\omega := 32000 \cdot \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{sec}}$$



## **Answers**

- 2·A 10·mJ
- 30·V 4.5·mJ
- 2. 1678·Hz

3.



- 4. a)  $9.6 \cdot V + 14.4 \cdot V \cdot e$ 
  - b) 11.55·V
  - c)  $24 \cdot V 12.45 \cdot V \cdot e^{\frac{240 \text{ ms}}{2}}$
- 5.  $\mathbf{Z}_{eq} = 56.1\Omega / -19.3^{\circ}$

- 6. a)  $\mathbf{Z}_2 = 187.5\Omega / -68.682^\circ$ 
  - b)  $V_S = 1.62V / -8.93^\circ$
  - c) i)  $I_S$  leads  $V_2$ +38.60 < -300  $I_S$  has positive phase angle,  $V_2$ has negative phase angle
- 7. 1.8·mH inductor

## ECE 2210/00 Exam 2

Name Scores:

 $\mathbf{Z} =$ 

Page 1&2 \_\_\_\_\_ of a possible 41 pts

Page 3&4 \_\_\_\_\_ of a possible 36 pts

Page 5&6 \_\_\_\_\_ of a possible 23 pts

Total \_\_\_\_\_ of a possible 100 pts