

Final Exam Useful Information

This is the only reference material allowed at the final. Bring this page to the Final. You **may add** whatever you want to this page.

$$C = \frac{Q}{V} \quad \text{farad} = \frac{\text{coul}}{\text{volt}} = \frac{\text{amp}\cdot\text{sec}}{\text{volt}} \quad v_C = \frac{1}{C} \cdot \int_{-\infty}^t i_C dt = \frac{1}{C} \cdot \int_0^t i_C dt + v_C(0) \quad i_C = C \cdot \frac{d}{dt} v_C$$

parallel: $C_{eq} = C_1 + C_2 + C_3 + \dots$ **series:** $C_{eq} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{C_1} + \frac{1}{C_2} + \frac{1}{C_3} + \dots}$

$$W_C = \frac{1}{2} \cdot C \cdot V_C^2 \quad \text{Capacitor voltage cannot change instantaneously}$$

$$\text{henry} = \frac{\text{volt}\cdot\text{sec}}{\text{amp}} \quad i_L = \frac{1}{L} \cdot \int_{-\infty}^t v_L dt = \frac{1}{L} \cdot \int_0^t v_L dt + i_L(0) \quad v_L = L \cdot \frac{d}{dt} i_L$$

$$W_L = \frac{1}{2} \cdot L \cdot I_L^2 \quad \text{Inductor current cannot change instantaneously}$$

Resonance:
 $\omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{L_{eq} \cdot C_{eq}}}$

For all first order transients: $x(t) = x(\infty) + (x(0) - x(\infty)) \cdot e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}}$ $\tau = R_{Th} \cdot C$ OR $\frac{L}{R_{Th}}$

Steady-state sinusoidal AC Impedances: $Z_C = \frac{1}{j \cdot \omega \cdot C} = \frac{-j}{\omega \cdot C}$ $Z_L = j \cdot \omega \cdot L$ $\omega = 2 \cdot \pi \cdot f$

Bode Plots Poles come from denominator of transfer function, zeroes from numerator. Slopes: -20, 0, or +20 dB/decade
dB is $20 \cdot \log_{10}(|H(\omega)|)$

Second order transients

LaPlace Impedances: $Z_C = \frac{1}{C \cdot s}$ $Z_L = L \cdot s$ $H(s) = \frac{\text{output}}{\text{input}}$

Overdamped $b^2 - 4 \cdot k > 0$ s_1 and s_2 are real and negative

$$X(t) = X(\infty) + B \cdot e^{s_1 t} + D \cdot e^{s_2 t} \quad X(0) = X(\infty) + B + D \quad \frac{d}{dt} X(0) = B \cdot s_1 + D \cdot s_2$$

Critically damped $b^2 - 4 \cdot k = 0$ $s_1 = s_2 = -\frac{b}{2} = s$ s_1 and s_2 are real, equal and negative

$$X(t) = X(\infty) + B \cdot e^{s \cdot t} + D \cdot t \cdot e^{s \cdot t} \quad B = X(0) - X(\infty) \quad D = \frac{d}{dt} X(0) - B \cdot s \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{d}{dt} i_L(0) = \frac{v_L(0)}{L} \\ \end{array} \right.$$

Underdamped $b^2 - 4 \cdot k < 0$ $s = \alpha \pm j\omega$ complex s_1 and s_2

$$X(t) = X(\infty) + e^{\alpha t} \cdot (B \cdot \cos(\omega t) + D \cdot \sin(\omega t)) \quad B = X(0) - X(\infty) \quad D = \frac{\frac{d}{dt} X(0) - B \cdot \alpha}{\omega} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{d}{dt} v_C(0) = \frac{i_C(0)}{C} \\ \end{array} \right.$$

Final Conditions, or "after a long time" $\frac{+}{-} v_C \rightarrow \frac{+}{-} v_C$ Replace capacitors with opens $\left| \begin{array}{l} i_L(t) \rightarrow i_L(t) \\ \end{array} \right|$ Replace inductors with wires

AC Power $V_{RMS} = \frac{V_p}{\sqrt{2}}$ All voltages and current below are RMS $\text{pf} = \cos(\theta) = \frac{P}{|S|}$

$$P = (|I_R|)^2 \cdot R = \frac{(|V_R|)^2}{R} \quad \text{for resistors} \quad \text{or} \quad P = \frac{|V| \cdot |I| \cdot \cos(\theta)}{|S| \cdot \text{pf}} = (|I|)^2 \cdot |Z| \cdot \cos(\theta) = \frac{(|V|)^2}{|Z|} \cdot \cos(\theta)$$

capacitors $\rightarrow -Q$ $Q_C = (|I_C|)^2 \cdot X_C = \frac{(|V_C|)^2}{X_C}$ $X_C = -\frac{1}{\omega \cdot C}$ and is a negative number causes leading pf

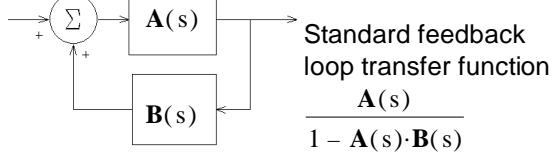
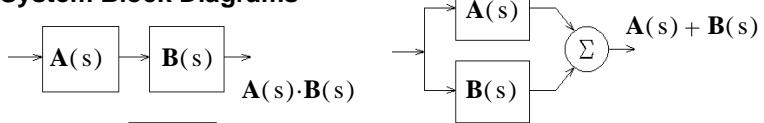
inductors $\rightarrow +Q$ $Q_L = (|I_L|)^2 \cdot X_L = \frac{(|V_L|)^2}{X_L}$ $X_L = \omega \cdot L$ and is a positive number causes lagging pf

or $Q = \text{Reactive "power"} = |V| \cdot |I| \cdot \sin(\theta)$ units: VAR, kVAR, etc. "volt-amp-reactive"

$S = \text{Complex "power"} = \underline{V \cdot I} = P + jQ = |V| \cdot |I| \cdot \underline{\theta} = |S| \cdot \underline{\theta}$ units: VA, kVA, etc. "volt-amp"

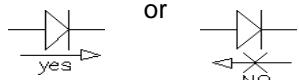
$S = \text{Apparent "power"} = |S| = |V| \cdot |I| = \sqrt{P^2 + Q^2}$ **Transformer:** $\frac{N_1}{N_2} = \frac{V_1}{V_2} = \frac{I_2}{I_1}$ $Z_{eq} = \left(\frac{N_1}{N_2} \right)^2 \cdot Z_2$

System Block Diagrams

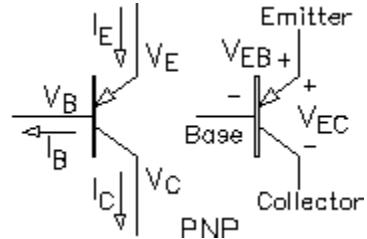
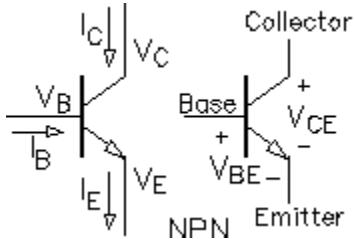
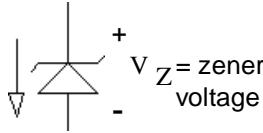


Diodes

conducting not conducting



current $V_d < 0.7V$ Check
LEDs: 2V



$$v_{BE} = v_B - v_E$$

$$v_{CE} = v_C - v_E$$

Replace v_{BE} with v_{EB} and

v_{CE} with v_{EC} in equations below

Modes or regions of operation (v_{BE} and v_{CE} are approximate)

Cutoff (off)

$$v_{BE} < 0.7V$$

$$i_B = 0$$

$$v_{CE} \geq 0.2V$$

$$i_C = 0$$

$$i_C = \beta i_B = \alpha i_E \quad \alpha \leq 1$$

Active (partially on)

$$v_{BE} \approx 0.7V$$

$$i_B > 0$$

$$v_{CE} \approx 0.2V$$

Saturation (fully on)
controlled by something outside of the transistor

Op-amps

