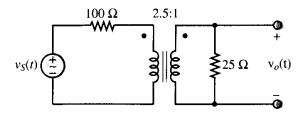
| Name | ECE 2210 | Homework | PA2 |
|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Note: In the following problems, you may assume or given as a function of time. Transformers are | | | aless stated otherwise |
| Read sections 2.28, & 3.8 in your textbook. | Note: His secon | dary windings and | I currents are backwards. |
| 2. An ideal transformer has 330 turns on the prim connected across a 110 V (rms) generator, wh | nary winding and 3 | 6 turns on the sec | |
| 3. A transformer has $N_1=320\ \text{turns}$ and $N_2=1000\ \text{is}$ developed across the secondary coil? | 0 turns. If the inpu | It voltage is $v(t) = 0$ | (255 V)cos(ωt), what rms voltage |
| 4. A step-up transformer is designed to have an across a 240 V (rms) source. | output voltage of 2 | 2200 V (rms) wher | n the primary is connected |
| a) If there are 150 turns on the primary winding many turns are required on the secondary? | յ, how | | |
| b) If a load resistor across the secondary draw what is the current in the primary, assuming | | | |
| The primary current of an ideal transformer is a voltage is 80 V. 1.0 A is delivered to a load resecondary. Calculate the voltage across the secondary. | sistor connected to | • | |
| 6. An ideal transformer has a turns ratio (N = $N_{\rm 1}/{\rm 1}$ a) Find the secondary and primary currents. | N_2) of 1.5 . It is de | esired to operate a | a $200~\Omega$ resistive load at $150~\mathrm{V}$ (rms). |
| b) Find the source voltage (V_1) . | | | |
| c) Find the power dissipated in the load resisto | or and the power o | delivered to the pr | imary from the source. |
| | | | |

d) Find the impedance the source sees looking into the primary winding by calculating $\mathbf{Z}_{eq} = N^2 \, \mathbf{Z}_L$ and again by calculating $\mathbf{V}_1 \, / \, \mathbf{I}_1$.

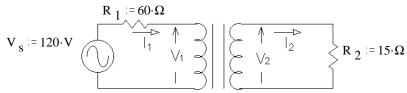
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7. For the ideal transformer shown in the figure, find $v_o(t)$ if $v_s(t)$ is $320V\cos(377t)$.



8. The transformer shown in the circuit below is ideal. It is rated at 120/30 V, 80 VA, 60 Hz Find the following:

a) $I_1 = ?$



b)
$$V_2 = ?$$

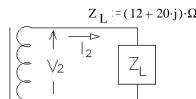
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9. A transformer is rated at 13,800/480 V, 60 kVA, 60 Hz. (Note: kVA stands for kilo-Volt-Amp, in this case it is the transformer's voltage rating times its current rating.) Find the allowable primary and secondary currents at a supply voltage of 12,000 V at 100% power factor. Repeat for a power factor of 50%.

| 10. | An ideal transformer has a rating of $500/125~V$, $10~kVA$, $60~Hz$. It is loaded with an impedance of 5Ω at $80\%~pf$ (0.80) . The source voltage applied to the primary winding is $440~V$ (rms). Find: a) the load voltage |
|-----|---|
| | b) the load current |
| | c) the kVA delivered to load |
| | d) the power delivered to load |
| | e) the primary current |
| | f) the power factor of primary |
| | g) the impedance the source sees looking into primary. |
| | |
| 11. | An ideal transformer is rated to deliver $400~\rm kVA$ at $460~\rm V$ to a customer. a) How much current can the transformer supply to the customer? |
| | b) If the customer's load is purely resistive (i.e. if the $pf=1$), what is the maximum power the customer can receive? |
| | c) If the customer's power factor is 0.8 (lagging), what is the maximum usable power the customer can receive? |
| | d) What is the maximum power if the power factor is 0.7 (lagging)? |
| | e) If the customer requires 300 kW to operate, what is the minimum allowable power factor given the rating of this transformer? |

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- 12. The transformer shown in the circuit is ideal. It is rated at 240/80 V, 100 VA, 60 Hz, Find:
- $V_S := 120 \cdot V$



a) The primary current (magnitude). $|\mathbf{I}_1|$

- b) The primary voltage (magnitude).
- c) The secondary voltage (magnitude).
- d) The power supplied by the source (Vs). $P_S = ?$
- e) The power factor as seen by the source (Vs). leading or lagging?
- f) Is this transformer operating within its ratings? Show your evidence.

Answers

- 2. 12 V 3. 563 V
- 4. a) 1375 turns
- 5. 680 V
- b) 11 A
- 6. a) 0.75 A, 0.50 A c) 112.5 W
- b) 225 V d) 450Ω

- 7. 78Vcos(377t)
- 8. a) 0.4·A
- b) 24V
- 9. 4.35 A, 125 A any pf, (Using the transformer at a lower voltage does not increase its current rating.)
 - f) 0.80

12. a) 0.515·A

- 10. a) 110 V b) 22 A
 - c) 2.42 kVA
- d) 1.94 kW
- e) 5.5 A
- g) $80\Omega / 36.9^{\circ}$ Ω

- 11. a) 870·A b) 400·kW c) 320·kW d) 280·kW e) 0.75
- d) 39.25·W
- e) 0.635 lagging

f) NO,
$$I_{1max} = \frac{100 \cdot VA}{240 \cdot V} = 0.417 \cdot A < 0.515 \cdot A$$

b) 108·V c) 36·V