

f(k)

$$f(k) = \frac{1}{2\pi j} \int F(z) \cdot z^{k-1} dz$$

integral around a closed path in the complex plane

F(z)

$$F(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} f(k) \cdot z^{-k}$$

 $\delta(k)$ impulse

1

 $\delta(k - m)$ shifted impulse $\frac{1}{z^m}$ $u(k)$ unit step $\frac{z}{z-1}$ All the following are multiplied by $u(k)$

k

 $\frac{z}{(z-1)^2}$ k^2 $\frac{z \cdot (z+1)}{(z-1)^3}$ k^3 $\frac{z \cdot (z^2 + 4z + 1)}{(z-1)^4}$ a^k power series $\frac{z}{z-a}$ $k \cdot a^k$ $\frac{a \cdot z}{(z-a)^2}$ $k^2 \cdot a^k$ $\frac{a \cdot z \cdot (z+a)}{(z-a)^3}$ $k^3 \cdot a^k$ $\frac{a \cdot z \cdot (z^2 + 4a \cdot z + a^2)}{(z-a)^4}$ $\cos(\Omega_0 \cdot k)$ sinusoids $\frac{z(z - \cos(\Omega_0))}{z^2 - 2 \cdot \cos(\Omega_0) \cdot z + 1}$ $\sin(\Omega_0 \cdot k)$ $\frac{z \cdot \sin(\Omega_0)}{z^2 - 2 \cdot \cos(\Omega_0) \cdot z + 1}$ $(|p|)^k \cdot \cos(\theta_p \cdot k)$ $\frac{z \cdot (z - |p| \cdot \cos(\theta_p))}{z^2 - 2 \cdot |p| \cdot \cos(\theta_p) \cdot z + (|p|)^2}$ $(|p|)^k \cdot \sin(\theta_p \cdot k)$ $\frac{z \cdot (|p| \cdot \sin(\theta_p))}{z^2 - 2 \cdot |p| \cdot \cos(\theta_p) \cdot z + (|p|)^2}$

F(z)f(k)

Poles at zero

All the following are multiplied by u(k)
unless specified otherwise

$$\frac{A \cdot z}{z} = A$$

$$A \cdot \delta(k)$$

$$\frac{B \cdot z}{z^2} = \frac{B}{z}$$

$$B \cdot \delta(k-1)$$

$$\frac{C \cdot z}{z^3} = \frac{C}{z^2}$$

$$C \cdot \delta(k-2)$$

$$\frac{D \cdot z}{z^4} = \frac{D}{z^3}$$

$$D \cdot \delta(k-3)$$

Poles on real axis (not at zero)

$$\frac{B \cdot z}{(z-p)}$$

$$B \cdot p^k$$

$$\frac{C \cdot z}{(z-p)^2}$$

$$C \cdot k p^{k-1}$$

$$\frac{D \cdot z}{(z-p)^3}$$

$$D \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot k \cdot (k-1) \cdot p^{k-2}$$

$$\frac{E \cdot z}{(z-p)^4}$$

$$E \cdot \frac{1}{6} \cdot k \cdot (k-1) \cdot (k-2) \cdot p^{k-3}$$

Complex poles

$$\frac{B \cdot z}{(z-p)} + \frac{\bar{B} \cdot z}{(\bar{z}-\bar{p})}$$

$$2 \cdot |B| \cdot (|p|)^k \cdot \cos(\theta_p \cdot k + \theta_B)$$

$$\frac{B \cdot z}{(z-p)^2} + \frac{\bar{B} \cdot z}{(\bar{z}-\bar{p})^2}$$

$$2 \cdot |B| \cdot k \cdot (|p|)^{k-1} \cdot \cos[\theta_p \cdot (k-1) + \theta_B]$$

$$\frac{B \cdot z}{(z-p)^3} + \frac{\bar{B} \cdot z}{(\bar{z}-\bar{p})^3}$$

$$|B| \cdot k \cdot (k-1) \cdot (|p|)^{k-2} \cdot \cos[\theta_p \cdot (k-2) + \theta_B]$$

$$\frac{B \cdot z}{(z-p)^4} + \frac{\bar{B} \cdot z}{(\bar{z}-\bar{p})^4}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \cdot |B| \cdot k \cdot (k-1) \cdot (k-2) \cdot (|p|)^{k-3} \cdot \cos[\theta_p \cdot (k-3) + \theta_B]$$

$$\text{where } B = |B| \cdot e^{j\theta_B} \quad \text{and} \quad p = |p| \cdot e^{j\theta_p}$$

$$\text{if } B = C + D \cdot j \quad \text{and} \quad p = q + r \cdot j$$

$$\text{then } |B| = \sqrt{C^2 + D^2} \quad \text{and} \quad |p| = \sqrt{q^2 + r^2}$$

$$\theta_B = \text{atan}\left(\frac{D}{C}\right) \quad \theta_p = \text{atan}\left(\frac{r}{q}\right)$$

<u>Operation</u>	<u>f(k)</u>	<u>F(z)</u>
	All the following are multiplied by u(k) unless specified otherwise	
Addition	$f(k) + g(k)$	$F(z) + G(z)$
Scalar multiplication	$c \cdot f(k)$	$c \cdot F(z)$
Linearity	$c \cdot f(k) + d \cdot g(k)$	$c \cdot F(z) + d \cdot G(z)$
Right shift $m \geq 0$	$f(k - m) \cdot u(k - m)$	$\frac{1}{z^m} \cdot F(z) = z^{-m} \cdot F(z)$
	$f(k - m)$	$\frac{1}{z^m} \cdot F(z) + \frac{1}{z^m} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^m f(-k) \cdot z^k$
	$f(k - 1)$	$z^{-1} \cdot F(z) + f(-1)$
	$f(k - 2)$	$z^{-2} \cdot F(z) + z^{-1} \cdot f(-1) + f(-2)$
	$f(k - 3)$	$z^{-3} \cdot F(z) + z^{-2} \cdot f(-1) + z^{-1} \cdot f(-2) + f(-3)$
Left shift $m \geq 0$	$f(k + m)$	$z^m \cdot F(z) - z^m \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} f(k) \cdot z^{-k}$
	$f(k + 1)$	$z \cdot F(z) - z \cdot f(0)$
	$f(k + 2)$	$z^2 \cdot F(z) - z^2 \cdot f(0) - z \cdot f(1)$
	$f(k + 3)$	$z^3 \cdot F(z) - z^3 \cdot f(0) - z^2 \cdot f(1) - z \cdot f(2)$
Multiplication by p^k	$p^k \cdot f(k)$	$F\left(\frac{z}{p}\right)$ Frequency scaling
Multiplication by k	$k \cdot f(k)$	$-z \cdot \frac{d}{dz} F(z)$ Frequency differentiation
Time convolution	$f(k) \star g(k)$	$F(z) \cdot G(z)$
Initial value	$f(0)$	$\lim_{z \rightarrow \infty} F(z)$
Final value	$f(\infty)$	$\lim_{z \rightarrow 1} (z - 1) \cdot F(z)$ (all poles of $(z - 1)F(z)$ inside unit circle)

