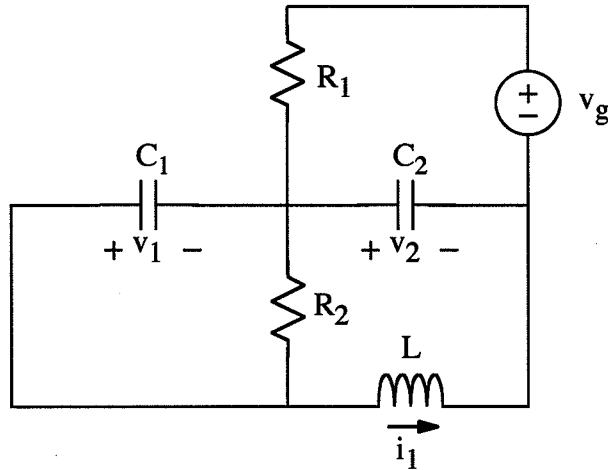


EX:



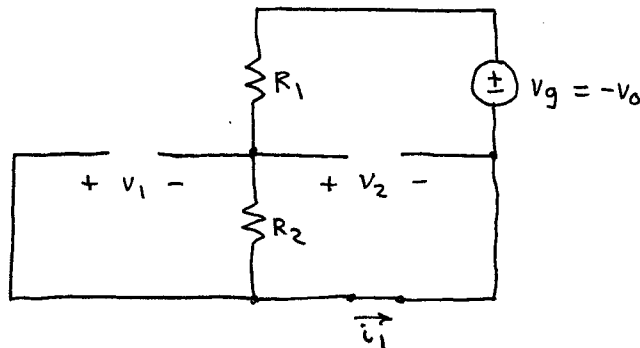
At  $t = 0$ ,  $v_g(t)$  switches instantly from  $-v_0$  to  $v_0$ .

Evaluate the state vector at  $t = 0^+$ :

$$\vec{x} = \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ i_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

sol'n: Since state vector is energy variables, we have  $v_1(0^+) = v_1(0^-)$ ,  $v_2(0^+) = v_2(0^-)$ ,  $i_1(0^+) = i_1(0^-)$ . (These values cannot change instantly.)

At  $t = 0^-$ ,  $L = \text{wire}$ ,  $C$ 's = opens



From v-loop  $v_g$ ,  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$  we have

$$i_1 = \frac{v_g}{R_1 + R_2} = \frac{-v_0}{R_1 + R_2} \quad @ t=0^-$$

$$v_1(0^-) = -v \text{ across } R_2 = -i_1 R_2 = +v_0 \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2}$$

$$v_2(0^-) = -v_1 \text{ from v-loop thru } v_1, v_2, L.$$

$$v_2(0^-) = -v_0 \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2}$$

Summary:

$$\begin{bmatrix} v_1(0^-) \\ v_2(0^-) \\ i_1(0^-) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{v_0 R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \\ -\frac{v_0 R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \\ -\frac{v_0}{R_1 + R_2} \end{bmatrix}$$