

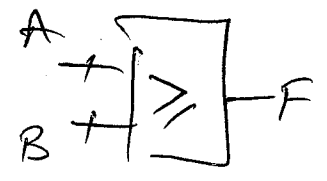
Practise exam solutions

Q1

$A = \{a_1, a_0\}$

$B = \{b_1, b_0\}$

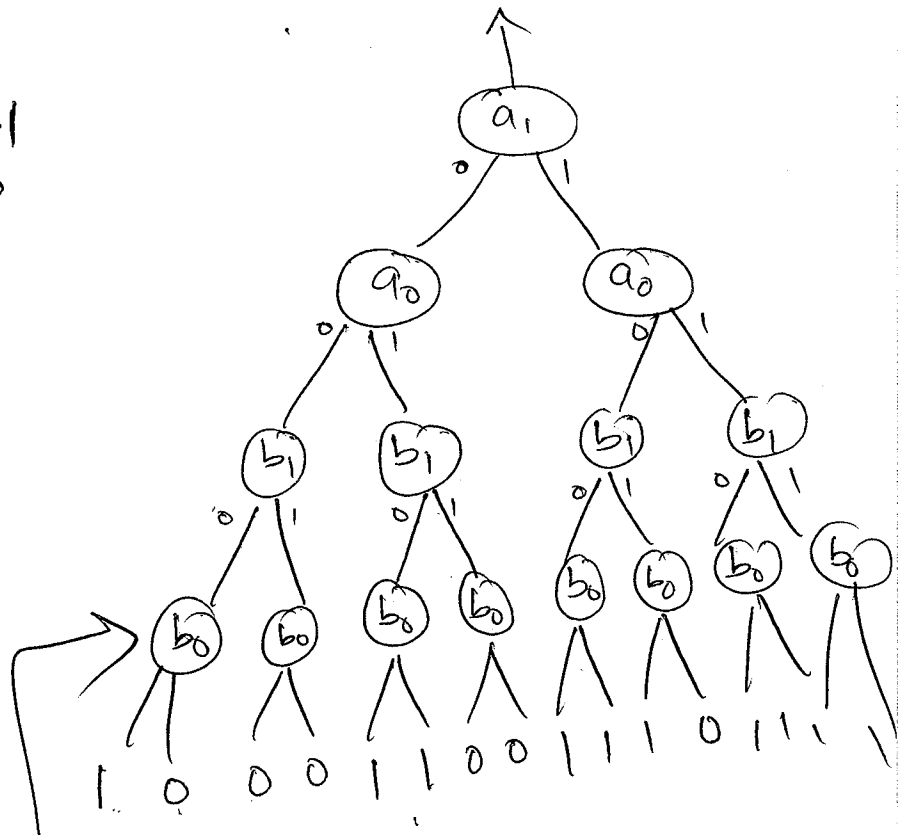
$F = (A \geq B)$



Design the ckt using Mux. only

a_1, a_0	b_1, b_0
00	00
00	01
00	10
00	11
<hr/>	
01	00
01	01
01	10
01	11
<hr/>	
10	00
10	01
10	10
10	11
<hr/>	
11	00
11	01
11	10
11	11

F
~~0~~ 1
 0
 0
 0
 0
 1
 1
 0
 0
 0
 0
 1
 1
 0
 1
 1
 1
 1
 0
 1
 1
 1
 1



Recall, truth table = Binary Decision Tree

Each node in the tree is a MUX

Note: \rightarrow I can optimize this tree. ~~do~~



=



if both inputs
to the MUX

$= x$

\downarrow then

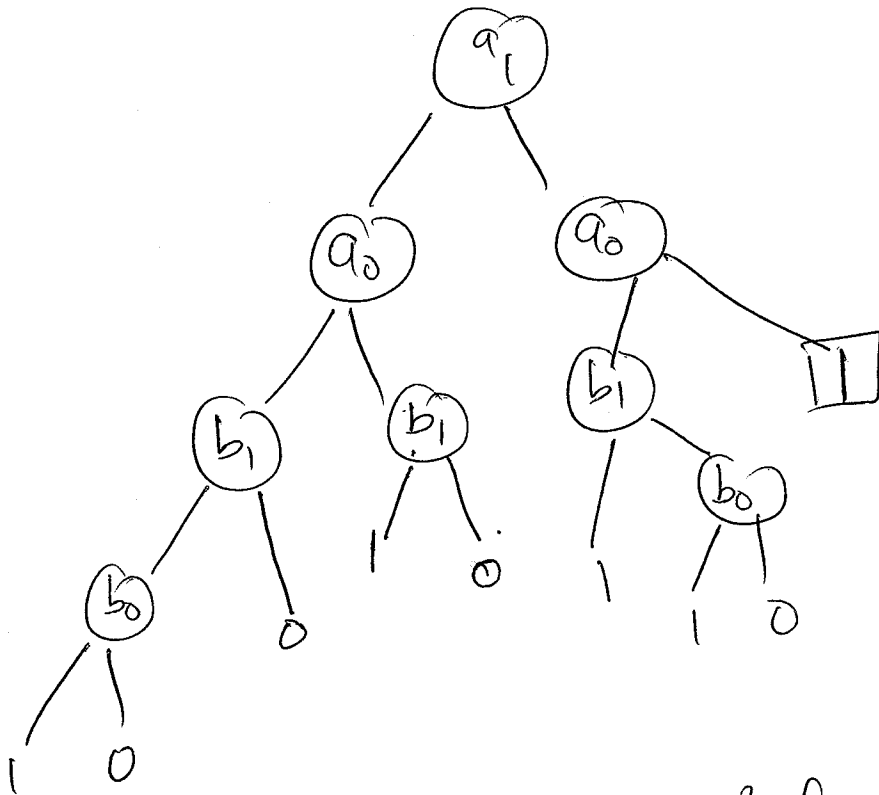
$f = x$



=



~~do~~



You could, of course, write an SOP form & then
use K-maps & then implement the ckt using
MUX but this is easier.

Q2 → Primes you can solve for yourself.

Q3

$$R = \cancel{D} \cdot D \% C$$

D_1	D_0	C_1	C_0
0	0	0	0
		0	1
		1	0
		1	1
0	1	0	0
		0	1
		1	0
		1	1
1	0	0	0
		0	1
		1	0
		1	1
1	1	0	0
		0	1
		1	0
		1	1

R_1	R_0
*	*
0	0
0	0
0	0
0	0
x	x
0	0
0	1
0	1
x	x
0	0
0	0
1	0
x	x
0	0
0	1
0	0

R_1

C_0	D_0	00	01	11	10
00	*	*	*	*	*
01					r
11					
10					

R_0

*	*	*	*
*	*	*	*
*	*	*	*
*	*	*	*

Q4 This is a variation of the QM problem.

	L	P	N	T	M	Z
S_1	✓		✓		✓	
S_2					✓	
S_3		✓	✓			✓
S_4			✓	✓		✓
S_5	✓				✓	✓
S_6			✓			✓

$S_5 \supset S_2$ remove S_2

①

$S_5 + S_3$

$L \supset M$ remove L

②

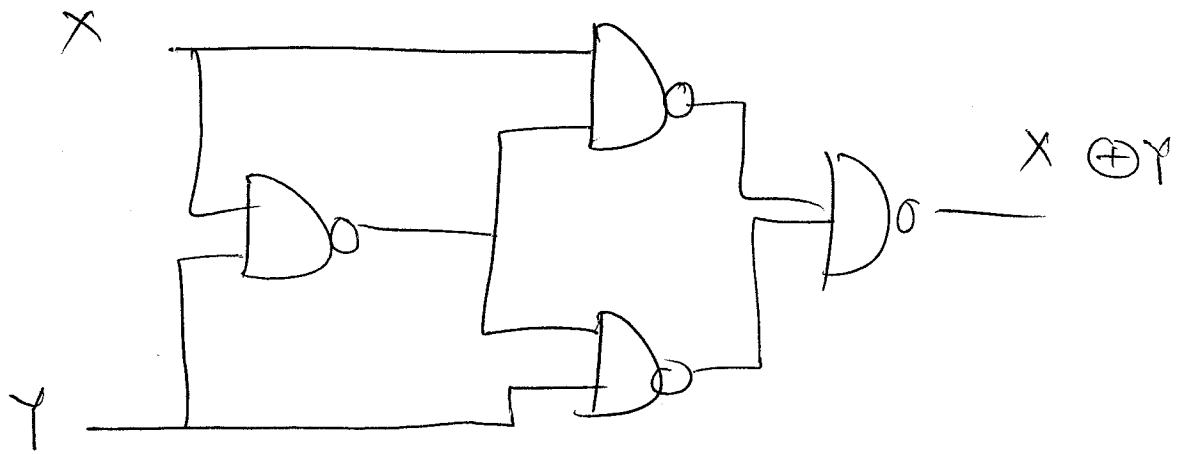
$S_3 \supset S_6$ remove S_6

③

$S_3 = \text{essential}$. (P, N, Z covered)

S_5 covers T & M (and also L)

Q5.



4-nand gates.

How many gates would be needed to design

$X \oplus Y$ using only NOR gates??

4? or 5? Try it out!

Q6

PDN gives us \bar{F}

$\bar{F} = (a)$ in series with

(b in parallel with
(c series d))

$$= (a) \cdot [b + cd]$$

$$F = \overline{\overline{F}} = \overline{a [b + cd]}$$

$$= \overline{a} + \overline{[b + cd]}$$

$$= \overline{a} + [\overline{b} \cdot \overline{(cd)}]$$

$$F = \overline{a} + [\overline{b} \cdot (\overline{c} + \overline{d})]$$

+ = parallel
 • = series.

