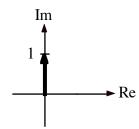
Ex: Plot each of the following complex numbers as vectors in the complex plane:

- a) *j*
- b)  $\frac{1+j}{2} \frac{1-j}{2}$
- c)  $\frac{1}{j^3}$
- $d) \qquad \frac{1+j}{1-j}$
- **Sol'n:** All of the answers are equal to j after being simplified. The following plot is the answer for every question.



- a) See above plot. Note that j has unit length and is at an angle of  $90^{\circ}$  to the real axis.
- b) We use Euler's formula.

$$e^{j\pi/2} = \cos(\pi/2) + j\sin(\pi/2) = 0 + j1 = j$$

c)

$$\frac{1+j}{2} - \frac{1-j}{2} = \frac{1}{2} + j\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} + j\frac{1}{2} = j$$

d) Note that 1/j = -j.

$$\frac{1}{j^3} = (-j)^3 = -j^3 = --1j = j$$

e) We can rationalize the value. We do this by multiplying the numerator and denominator by the conjugate of the denominator.

$$\frac{1+j}{1-j} = \frac{1+j}{1-j} \cdot \frac{1+j}{1+j} = \frac{1+j2-1}{1^2+1^2} = \frac{j2}{2} = j$$